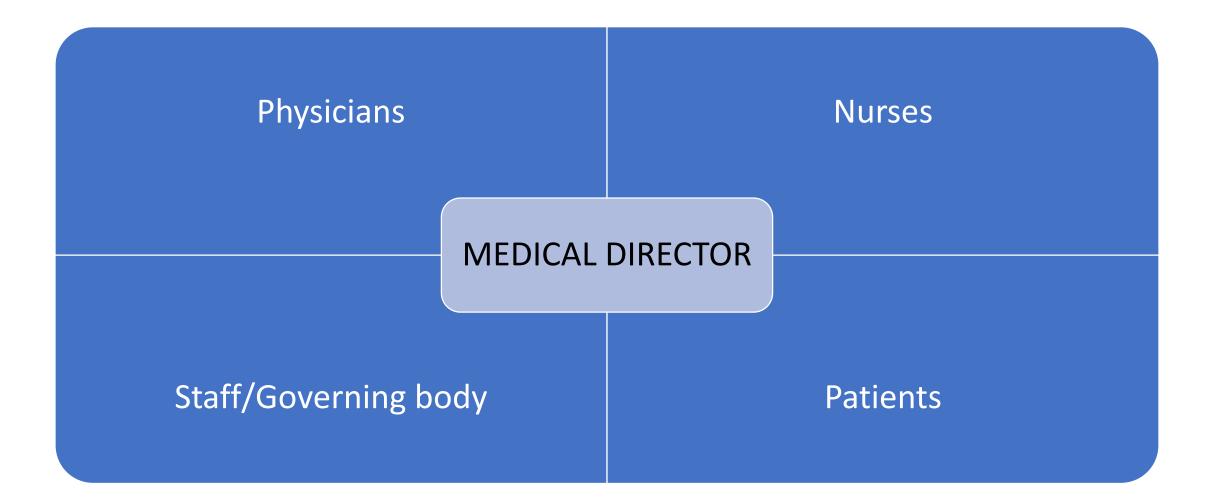


HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Ng Tsun Gun

Dialysis Centre Medical Director Course 2019

Managing people in the dialysis centre



Managing people in the dialysis centre

- Multi-disciplinary integrated care system is necessary with the aim of optimising patient outcomes
- The role of the medical director has evolved from that of managing traditional clinical responsibilities to include overseeing the team performance in its entirety as well
- Ideally, team members act in the best interests of the patients, performing tasks to the best of their abilities, derive satisfaction from their work, seek to upgrade themselves professionally and find ways to enhance collaboration within the team

Managing people in the dialysis centre

- A group of individuals, each performing clinical tasks, does not equate to an effective team
- This team may get various parts of the job done, but without a foundation set by strong leadership, communication, vision and collaboration, individuals simply exist within task-driven silos, creating gaps for potential errors, unfulfilled patients and staff and team dysfunction

Bryan Becker. Nephrology News & Issues June 2018



Role of the medical director

 As a leader in the centre, medical directors are well positioned to build and lead a high performing team

How to build a high performance team



- Effective communication is essential
- Ensure channels are open for communication

How to build a high performance team

CLEAR GOALS

- Create and prioritise goals
- Focus on what is going well
- Ensure team-mates understand how they contribute to the common purpose
- Help team-mates smoothly handle urgent and emergent situations
- Guide team-mates in re-framing challenges
- Cultivate emotional intelligence
- Recognise when team-mates are stressed and activate stress-relief strategies

How to build a high performance team



Bryan Becker. Nephrology News & Issues June 2018

- Shared knowledge is far greater than that of any one individual
- Team-mates including medical directors should feel comfortable asking other people for advice and sharing leadership opportunities
- Medical directors must be aware that they have an authority that no one else has and this can create a power differential with other teammates that needs to be overcome if the team is to be successful
- Need to recognize the unique knowledge and leadership capabilities of team members and empower leadership in their areas of expertise

Disruptive behaviour in patients



ESRF Networks: Decreasing Dialysis Patient-Provider Conflict. <u>http://www.esrdnetworks.org</u>

Disruptive behaviour in patients

- Threatening or abusive language or actions
- Making false allegations against staff or other patients
- Failing to keep to scheduled dialysis appointments
- Arriving late for dialysis and terminating dialysis prematurely
- Non-adherence to treatment prescription
- Refusing needle placement
- Visitors during dialysis

Managing disruptive behaviour in patients

- Medical directors and staff should be trained to recognise, analyse and diffuse disruptive behavior
- Document containing patient's rights and responsibilities including delineating behaviours for which the practice has a zero tolerance level should be posted in a visible place



Managing disruptive behaviour in patients

 Necessary to exclude medical reasons for abnormal behaviour

✓ Alcohol/substance abuse ✓ Psychiatric disorders ✓Inadequate dialysis ✓ Metabolic abnormalities ✓ Subdural hematomas ✓ Sepsis Medications etc

Resolving Behavioural Conflicts

- Resolving behavioural conflicts requires a systematic approach
- The process should be readily available, effective, easy to use and should respect confidentiality

Decreasing **CONFLICT**

- Create a calm environment
- Open yourself to understanding others
- Need a non-judgmental approach
- Focus on the issue
- Look for solutions
- Implement agreement
- Continue to communicate
- Take another look

ESRF Networks: Decreasing Dialysis Patient-Provider Conflict. <u>http://www.esrdnetworks.org</u>

Involuntary discharge/transfer

 Involuntary discharge/transfer is the least satisfactory resolution for patient-manifested disruptive behaviour as they compromise continuity of care and can increase morbidity and mortality

Minimising conflicts with patients

Effective feedback channels

Patient

empowerment/ Participation in care

Managing Staff

• Tackling high rates of absenteeism



Managing Staff

- One of the most challenging responsibilities of the medical director is overseeing the activities of the medical staff, some members of whom may be part of the medical director's nephrology group
- All consider themselves equals with the medical director, which can create conflict
- The medical director needs to develop, foster and reinforce a true team mentality among the medical staff

Managing Staff

- This requires a shared vision and goal for the facility, as well as clarity about the distinctive roles of the medical director and attending nephrologist
- This includes frequent, robust, clear communication and creation of a culture of mutual trust, respect and adoption of evidence-based care pathways or protocols

Maddux et al. The Evolving Role of the Medical Director of a Dialysis Facility. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol 10: 326-330, 2015

Disruptive behaviour in physicians

Condescending and abusive language

Insulting, intimidating or demeaning patients, staff

Not returning/answering calls in a timely fashion

Reluctance or refusal to answer questions/Impatience with questions

Not turning up for rounds

Not fulfilling roles and responsibilities

Refusing to follow established protocols

Fraudulent billing

Placing financial gains ahead of patient needs

Bad-mouthing employees/facility

Anger management issues

Substance abuse

Consequences of professional disruptive behaviour

 Physicians who demean, ignore or intimidate staff/patients implicitly discourage repeat contact from these patients and staff, resulting in decreased safety surveillance, few notifications of acute or chronic changes in health status, few opportunities for collaborative problemsolving and increased non-adherence to medical advice Consequences of professional disruptive behaviour Errors in medical judgement/medications

Negative patient outcomes

Poor patient satisfaction

Increased staff turnover

Malpractice claims

Increased costs

Conflict Resolution

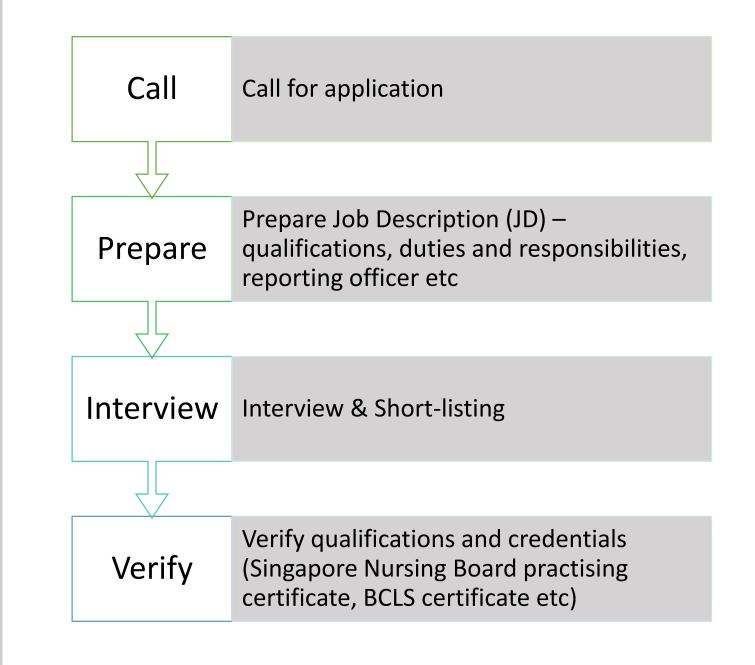
- The medical director is responsible for leading conflict resolution, particularly when it involves physician disruptive behaviour
- A facility's written policies, procedures and credentialing by-laws should provide explicit directions for dealing with physician disruptive behaviour by the medical director and the governing body
- If the medical director exhibits disruptive behaviour, the facility manager or nurse manager must engage supervisors and the governing body to resolve the issues

Jones et al. Managing Disruptive Behaviour by Patients and Physicians: A Responsibility of the Dialysis Facility Medical Director. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol 10: 1470-1475, 2015

Staff Retention

- Competitive remuneration package
 - Salary
 - Bonus & Increment
 - Benefits (medical, leave etc)
- Education & updates
- Opportunities for professional/career development
- Work environment
- Appraisal & feedback avenues
- Social/recreation/bonding

Staff Recruitment



Staff Recruitment

- Be aware of licensing and regulatory requirements (eg Ministry of Health)
 - Staff to patient ratio etc
- Be aware of local labour laws (eg Ministry of Manpower)
 - Work permit and S pass holders
 - Leave entitlements, medical benefits etc

Staff Recruitment

- Prepare contract for successful candidate
- From 1 April 2016, all employers in Singapore must issue key employment terms (KETs) in writing to employees covered by the Employment Act within 14 days from the start of employment
- Purchase work injury compensation insurance for employee

Sample of KET

Key Employment Terms		
Section A Details of Employment		
Company Name	Job Title, Main Duties and Responsibilities	
Employee Name		
	Full-Time Employment Part-Time Employment	
Employee NRIC/FIN	Duration of Employment (only for employees on fixed term contract)	
Employment Start Date	Place of Work (if different from company's registered address)	
Section B Working Hours and Rest Day	s	
Details of Working Hours	Number of Working Days Per Week	
- Start & End Time (Weekday & Weekend)	Rest Day Per Week	
 Break Hours Total Working Hours (excluding break hours) 	(specify day)	
Section C Salary		
Salary Period	Date(s) of Salary Payment	
Hourly Daily Weekly Fortnightly Monthly Date(s) of Overtime Payment		
Overtime Payment Period	Basic Salary (Per Period)	
(only if different from salary period)	(specify hourly rate if on part-time employment) Overtime Rate of Pay (only if working hours more	
Hourly Daily Weekly Fortnightly Mon	thly than 8 hours a day or 44 hours a week)	
Fixed Allowances Per Salary Period	Fixed Deductions Per Salary Period	
Item Allowance (\$)	Item Deduction (\$)	
Total Fixed Allowances	Total Fixed Deductions	
Other Salary-Related Components	CPF Contributions Payable (subject to prevailing CPF contribution rates)	

Sample of KET

Section D | Leave and Medical Benefits

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Types of Leave (applicable if service is at least 3 months)	Other Types of Leave (e.g Paid Maternity Leave)
Paid Annual Leave Per Year: (days/hrs) (for 1st year of service)	
Paid Outpatient Sick Leave Per Year: (days/hrs)	Paid Medical Examination Fee
Paid Hospitalisation Leave Per Year: (days/hrs)	Other Medical Benefits (optional, to specify)
(Note that paid hospitalisation per year is inclusive of paid outpatient sick leave. Leave entitlement for part-time employees may be pro-rated based on hours.)	other Healcar benefits (optional, to specify)
Section E Others	
Length of Probation: Probation Start Date:	Notice Period for Termination of Employment (initiated by either party whereby the length shall be the same)
Probation End Date:	

* Please refer to www.mom.gov.sg for more details on employment laws, leave benefits and soft copy of the KETs template.

Newly hired staff

✓Orientation

✓ Training

✓ Initial competency testing

✓ Relevant health screening

Sample payslip

Payslip for to

Name of Employer

Name of Employee

ltem	Amount	
Basic Pay		(A)
Total Allowances (Breakdown shown below)		(B)
Total Deductions (Breakdown shown below)		(C)
Employee's CPF deduction:		

Date of Payment

Mode of Payment		
Cash / Cheque / Bank Deposit		
Overtime Details*		
Overtime Payment Period(s)		
Overtime Hours Worked		
Total Overtime Pay		(D)
Item	Amount	
Other Additional Payments (Breakdown shown below)		(E)
Net Pay (A+B-C+D+E)		

www.mom.gov.sg



• If you're getting IT service providers to adopt IT solutions for the management and issuance of payslips in Singapore, you can apply for the Productivity Solutions Grant (PSG)

Resignation/ Termination

Terms of contract

Termination with notice

Termination without notice

Termination due to employee misconduct

Exit interview

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- Maddux et al. The Evolving Role of the Medical Director of a Dialysis Facility. Clin J Am Soc Nephrol 10: 326-330, 2015
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1 Stan Colloquium Asian Colloquium in Nephrology



Best Practices in Kidney Care in Asia

19 - 21 July 2019

Incorporating: SOTANC - State-Of-The-Art Nephrology Course (Nursing) Singapore Society of Nephrology Annual Scientific Meeting Asian Renal Association - Asian Nephrology Conference

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